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The Bill of Rights

Amendment 1

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

Amendment 2

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms, shall not be **infringed**.

Amendment 3

No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner

Amendment 4

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Amendment 5 Protection

No person shall . . . be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

Amendment 6

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury . . . and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

Amendment 7

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise reexamined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

Protection #

Protection #

	Amendment 8						
Protection #	Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual						
	punishments inflicted.						
Protection #	Amendment 9						
	The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.						
·	of disparage offices retained by the people.						
Protection #	Amendment 10						
. Protection #	The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by						
	it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.						
	Other Important Amendments						
	Amendment 13						
Protection #	Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the						
	party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place						
	subject to their jurisdiction.						
Protection #	Amendment 14						
Trobecolon w	All persons born or naturalized in the United States are citizens of the United States						
	and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state						
	deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to						
	any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.						
	any person within its jurisdiction are equal proceeded of the laws.						
Protection #	Amendment 6 15						
Frovection #	The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the						
	United States or by any state on account of race, color, or previous						
	condition of servitude.						
	Amendment 19						
Protection #	The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or						
	abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex.						
	Amendment 26						
Protection #	The right of citizens of the United States, who are 18 years of age or older, to vote, shall						
	not be denied or abridged by the United States or any state on account of age.						



Fast Forward . . . The year is 2056. The world as you know it has been completely destroyed by alien invaders. You and a group of survivors have just won a terrifying battle against the aliens, who have now left the planet. Now you're free, but everyone is still afraid because there is nothing on paper to guarantee people will have rights.. The leaders of the group have decided to create the Pamphlet of Protections. The Pamphlet will define what rights people will have.

The following are rights that some of the leaders think should be included in the Pamphlet of Protections. They want your input. Mark your top 10 choices below:

Pamphlet of Protections	
1. The people shall have the right to own weapons.	
2. Everyone must be friends with everyone else.	AF
3. People are free to express their opinions on any subject.	
4. A person accused of a crime has the right to a fair trial.	
5. Criminals shall not be punished in a way that is mean or weird.	d L
6. The people shall have the right to clean streets and parks.	
7. Laws can't stop adult citizens from voting.	
8. The people shall have the right to a free education.	
9. All people shall be protected equally by the laws.	
10. The people shall never be enslaved.	
11. No person shall be searched without a good reason	
12. The people shall be free to drive as soon as they can operate a car.	
13. No person shall be required to fight in a war.	
14. No person will be put on trial twice for the same crime.	
15. A person may follow any religion or no religion.	·

Rewind . . . The year is 1791. The world as Americans knew it has recently been turned upside down by the end of the Revolutionary War—a war that gave them their freedom from England. Now American colonists will no longer have to submit to an unfair king who wanted to keep Americans from having rights of their own. America is independent, but there is nothing on paper to guarantee the new government will give people the rights and freedoms they want. A group of leaders decides to add a Bill of Rights to the Constitution to define what rights people will have.

On the next two pages, compare the Bill of Rights to your Pamphlet of Protections. But be careful: Some rights will be in both documents and some won't!



unusual

effects

place

persons

Fill in the Blank. Identify the real-life rights the Bill of Rights gives you by filling in the missing words below.

speedy

soldiers

					•	•	
	houses	eighteen	twice	searched	searches	gender	
	arms	color	property	slavery	race	persons	
	witness	offense	public	speech	cruel	laws	
	protection	petition	himself	public	seizures	papers	
	press	government	things	selzed			
	A person accused of a crime has the right to a			and			
	trial.						
2) .	A warrant must describe the to be			and the or			
		to be					
3)	People have	the right to kee	p and bear		-•		
4)	There will be no and		punishments.				
5)	shall not exist in the United States.					302	
6)	A person accused of a crime does not have to be a			a	gainst (3)		
7) Private		*	cannot be	taken for	use without paying the		
	owner a fair						
8)	People have the right to be free from unreasonable				and		
	of their					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	and			. •			
9)	There can't be any law restricting peoples' freedom of			or of the			
10)	People have	the right to		the		if they are	
	unhappy.						
	• • •	are at least		years old have	the right to v	ote regardless of their	



- 12) A state cannot deny anyone equal ______ of the state's
- 13) A person cannot be put on trial ______ for the same
- 14) People don't have to let ______ live in their houses.